Five-step scoliosis screening process for healthcare professionals



Early detection of scoliosis is important. The earlier the condition is diagnosed, the more options are available to treat it. Below are helpful steps on how to screen for scoliosis.

First position:

Anterior view, standing position

Instructions to the child:

- Face the screener. Put your feet together with equal weight on both legs.
- Breathe in Let it out, and relax your shoulders. Let your arms hang naturally at your sides.

Look for (see Fig. 1):

Third position:

Instructions to the child:

- Breathe in. Let it out and relax

hang naturally at your sides.

- Shoulder height asymmetry

Look for (see Fig. 3):

- Scapula prominence

or asymmetry

- Unequal distance

between arms

asymmetry or no

waist crease on one side

 Spine curved to one side

and torso

- Waist crease

your shoulders. Let your arms

- Unequal distance between arms and torso

Posterior view, standing position

Put your feet together with equal weight on both legs.

- Turn around (child's back is now to screener).

- Hip prominence or asymmetry







Second position:

Anterior view, Adams forward bend test

Instructions to the child (see Fig. 2a):

- Put your palms together with arms out straight.
- Put your chin on your chest and roll down until your hands touch your feet.

Encourage the child to continue to roll down as far as possible until her back is parallel to the floor. Have the child repeat the Adams forward bend test if she rolls down too quickly or if she rolls down to one side or the other. The child's hands should be pointing at her big toes.

Look for (see Fig. 2b):

- Upper thoracic asymmetry
- Lower thoracic asymmetry
- Lumbar asymmetry







- Shoulder height asymmetry

Fig. 1 Abnormal

Fourth position:

Posterior view. Adams forward bend test

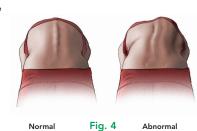
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Look for (see Fig. 4):

- Upper thoracic
- Lower thoracic
- Lumbar



Fifth position:

Sagittal view, Adams forward bend test

Instructions to the child:

- Turn to the side Put your feet togethe with equal weight on both leas
- Put your palms together with arms out straight.
- Put your chin on your chest and roll down until vour hands touch your feet.

Look for (see Fig. 5):

Sharp angle/abnormal contour in low thoracic area (kyphosis)





Normal

Fig. 5

Abnormal

Encourage the child to continue to roll down as far as possible until her back is parallel to the floor. Have the child repeat the Adams forward bend test if she rolls down too quickly or if she rolls down to one side or the other. The child's hands should be pointing at her big toes.

Visit choa.org/scoliosis or call 404-255-1933 for more information.

Fig. 3

Abnorma



Normal