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Endocrinology

Guidelines for referrals

Below is a list of guidelines to follow when referring a patient for a consultation to Children's Healthcare of Atlanta Endocrinology. These are meant to be general recommendations. If you have specific questions, call **404-785-DOCS (3627)** and ask to speak with the on-call endocrinologist.

Common conditions treated

- Adrenal disorders (e.g., adrenal insufficiency)
- Bone disorders
- Calcium disorders, including hypercalcemia and hypocalcemia
- Cholesterol disorders
- Congenital adrenal hyperplasia
- Cushing syndrome
- Delayed, absent or early puberty

- Diabetes insipidus
- Disorders of the anterior pituitary gland
- Disorders of sex development
- Growth disorders
- Gynecomastia in males
- Hirsutism in females
- Hypoglycemia
- Prader-Willi syndrome
- Prolactin disorders
- Rickets

- Short stature
 - Syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (SIADH)
 - Thyroid nodules
 - Thyroid disorders, including hyperthyroidism and hypothyroidism
 - Turner syndrome
 - Type 1 diabetes mellitus
 - Type 2 diabetes mellitus

Urgent referrals

If you feel your patient needs to be seen as soon as possible, note "urgent" on your referral. All referrals marked "urgent" are triaged to help make sure patients are seen in a timely fashion. If you wish to speak to the on-call endocrinologist, call 404-785-DOCS (3627). Generally, conditions that may warrant an urgent initial outpatient visit include, but are not limited to:

- New Type 1 or 2 diabetes.
- Congenital hypothyroidism (neonate).
- Goiter or palpable nodule, if clinical findings include asymmetric gland, increasing size or discomfort, abnormal thyroid biopsy.
- Abnormal height velocity or crossing percentiles **and** associated with severe headaches and/or blurry vision.
- Hypoglycemia and failure to thrive.

Routine referrals

There are several conditions we see that may not warrant an urgent evaluation given the available resources. These may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Short stature (current height less than 3rd percentile for age or crossing percentiles on repeated growth measurements)
- Precocious puberty >7 years of age
- Delayed puberty

- Non-palpable nodule on thyroid (seen on ultrasound)
- Possible hypothyroidism with TSH <20 uIU/ml
- Congenital hypothyroidism (already on treatment)



Referral checklist and guidelines for common diagnoses

When referring a patient for any reason, you must include office notes and growth curves. Otherwise, we will <u>not</u> be able to schedule your patient. In the table below, we have listed the labs and/or documents we require for the most common referrals. If the suspected diagnosis is <u>not</u> listed below, you only need to include office notes, labs that have <u>already</u> been ordered and visual growth curves with plotted points (multiple points are preferred, if applicable).

Suspected diagnosis	Labs/documents required before scheduling	Criteria for referral	Steps to take if criteria are not met, but concern for condition still exists
Abnormal thyroid function	 Office notes Growth curves Thyroid function tests 	 Goiter present TSH > 9 ulU/mL Free T₄ < 0.8 ng/dL and/or total T₄ < 5 mcg/dL 	If initial (TSH) is elevated, but < 8.9 uIU/mL, repeat labs in one month with TSH, free T ₄ , thyroid peroxidase autoantibody (TPO) and antithyroglobulin autoantibodies (ATG). Document thyroid exam.
			If there is no goiter and BMI >85%, TSH remains minimally elevated and autoantibodies are negative, TSH should return to normal after weight loss is achieved. No further testing required
			For positive autoantibodies and normal thyroid function please refer.
Diabetes, obesity, metabolic syndrome	 Office notes Growth curves A1c If a patient has an 	• Due to the large volume of referrals of this nature, we redirect patients with an A1c <6.5% to Strong4Life, regardless of	For possible Type 2 Diabetes, two abnormal values are required to diagnose diabetes in the absence of symptoms. Values include: □ Fasting glucose >126 mg/dl or
	established diabetes diagnosis, send all available records with focus on initial lab eval.	 acanthosis or hyperinsulinemia One or more positive diabetes antibody 	 □ 2-hr post-prandial glucose >200 mg/dl or □ A1c >6.5%
Hypoglycemia/syncope	 Office notes Growth curves Glucose 	 Documented serum glucose < 60 mg/dl 	Consider another specialty referral based on symptoms.
Hyperlipidemia	 a □ Office notes b □ Growth curves c Growth curves c Fasting lipid panel <lic fasting="" li="" lipid="" panel<=""> c Fasting lipid pa</lic>		For moderate LDL elevation (130-189 mg/dL), lifestyle management is recommended for 6 months before referring to endocrinology. Abnormal triglyceride levels that are <300 mg/dL may respond to lifestyle
Short stature and peer		months and known risk factors	management plus-or-minus fish oil.
Short stature and poor weight gain	□ Office notes □ Growth curves	 Poor weight gain and Abnormal growth velocity 	If growth velocity is well maintained but weight gain appears to be lacking, growth hormone deficiency is unlikely. We recommend a referral to GI.

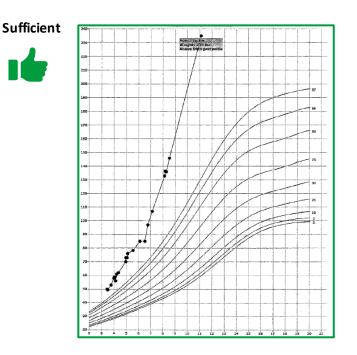


Suspected diagnosis	Labs/documents required before scheduling	Criteria for referral	Steps to take if criteria are not met, but concern for condition still exists
Short stature in adolescents	 Office notes Growth curves Bone age 	 Bone age for female read 15 years of age Bone age for male read at 16 years of age < 2 years post menarche 	99% of final adult height achieved when bone age is > 15 years in females and > 16 years in males. No intervention available to enhance final adult height.
			Two years post menarche, final adult height is achieved.
Vitamin D Deficiency	 Office notes Growth curves 25 OH Vitamin D 	 Physical exam consistent with nutritional rickets Radiographic evidence of rickets Alkaline phosphatase above age normal limits 	Begin Vitamin D supplementation based on American Academy of Pediatrics guidelines.



Growth curves

We require growth curves for <u>all</u> referred patients prior to scheduling. Note, it is very important to provide a **visual line graph**, ideally for both height and weight, although both are not required. Multiple points are preferred, *if available*. If you have only seen the patient once, we will accept graphs with single points.



Insufficient	Vitals with Age Percentiles	8/11/2016	12/15/2016	7/20/2017	4/20/2018	4/20/2018	6/20/2019	6/20/2019
	Height percentile		84.1 %	79.1 %		60.5 %		86.9 %
9 1	Systolic percentile							
	Diastolic percentile							
	Weight percentile	38.2 %	39.4 %	32.7 %		61:3 %	1	42.6 %
	Head Circumference percentile		98.4.%					
	Length		95.3 cm	99.1 cm		102 cm		114.5 cm
	Systolic			90		94		90
	Diastolic			58		50		62
	Head Circumference	7	20.250					
	Pulse							
	Weight	27 lb	28 lb 6.1.oz	30 lb		36 lb 4 oz		39 lb 6.1 oz
	Body Mass Index				15.8 kg/m2		13.63 kg/m2	
	Body Mass Index percentile		5.7 %	4.3 %		65.0 %		6.8 %
	BODY SURFACE AREA				0.68		0.75	



Office notes

Office notes are crucial in helping us determine the intricacies of your patient's case. Note, we require office notes *beyond* just the reason for referral. Whether you refer to them as Clinical Notes, History of Present Illness (HPI), Interval History or Notes, what we need are notes that the provider took during the last visit that explain the child's case and chief concern. A short "reason for referral" is **not** sufficient. See examples below.

Insufficient

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Referral Date requested: 08/16/2021 Requested by: FirstName LastName, NP Referral to: pediatric endocrinology Summary of care provided: Reason for referral/notes: abnormal endocrine function ICD code: ICD-10: R94.7: abnormal endocrine function

Sufficient

ient	Diagnosis	Congenital hypothyroidism			
		ICD-10: E03.1: Congenital hypothyroidism without goiter			
	Order	Orders included: 1			
	Name	 Congenital hypothyroidism ICD-10: E03.1: Congenital hypothyroidism without goiter PEDIATRIC ENDOCRINOLOGIST REFERRAL Schedule within: provider's discretion 			
	Notes	6 mo. male, former 30-week premature delivery – with congenital hypothyroidism, h/o elevated TSH x3 on newborn screenings. Presented for primary visit on [date], repeat TSH elevated to 5.4, normal free T4. Telephone consult with Dr. LastName. Advised to refer to pediatric endo at 6 mo. of age. Please evaluate and assist.			

Required documentation

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Specific documentation is required for the following diagnoses:

- Congenital hypothyroidism and congenital adrenal hyperplasia
 - Units of measurement for all lab results
- Precocious puberty
 - \circ $\;$ Documented physical exam to include tanner staging.